



## ALEXANDRIA.

FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 16.

The New York Nation, ultra Radical paper, warms the colored people of the South, and especially those of Virginia, against the suicidal policy of banding themselves into a party exclusively against the whites, and suffering themselves "to be kept in a constant ferment" by a few white men, who are using them for their own profit and advantage. And it tells them to remember that whilst this game may succeed for a year or two—it must in the end recoil upon those who are playing it—for, says the Nation, "there is scarcely a State, except South Carolina, which can be controlled by the colored vote alone for more than two or three years. Certainly Virginia is not one of that class. The white voters will constitute a majority whenever they choose to act together; and they will probably increase far more rapidly than the others. Immigration will soon flow in that direction; and this, of course, will be exclusively white, and in great part unfriendly to the colored people." This is the warning not of "rebels" or "secessh," but of a warm devoted friend to the Radical party, and the power of the colored race.

It is said in the Washington Chronicle that M. Blaque Bey, the new and the first minister from Turkey to the U.S., arrived in New York, and expected daily in Washington, is a Catholic and a naturalized subject of the Porte, having been born of French parents in Constantinople, but living most of his life among Christians and in Christian countries, he has none of the Turkish characteristics of physiognomy except peculiar oriental eyes, nor distinguishing Mussulman traits, being suave and affable, and not by any means grave or reserved. He is accompanied by his second wife, a French lady, (his first having been a daughter of Dr. Valentine Mott, of New York,) the secretary of legation, and two Nubian negro servants, who wear the fez. He has been for many years at Paris, as charge d'affaires, and in 1860 was sent as minister to the court of Naples, where he remained until the expulsion of the late King, and recently, from his experience in diplomacy, and knowledge of our language, country, and its institutions, he was appointed first minister to the U. S.

The Mark Lane Express, which is the test of English authorities as to foreign crops, gives a generally unfavorable account of the crop prospects in England and on the continent. Up to the 12th of last month (the weather in England was favorable to growing crops of all kinds. Since then storms and rain have done serious damage, and a few more days "would work incalculable mischief." A similar calamity had befallen the crops in France, which had looked very promisingly. But in England and France the old crops of grain have been very much reduced, and the Express says that this holds true of the rest of Europe. In Spain, Italy, and Algeria, the drought has been extremely damaging to the crops. This is the first kind of statement from abroad that we have seen.

A hard fought battle between the Indians and the whites occurred near Fort Phil Kearney on the 2d inst. Major Powell went out with an ox train, guarded by 100 citizens and soldiers, to gather fuel, when he was attacked by about 250 Indians. The battle continued with unabated vigor until Maj. Smith, with two companies of U. S. regulars and two hawtizers, came to the rescue from Fort Phil Kearney, when the red men retreated, going northeast, leaving five dead bodies on the field. Major Powell reports the total loss of the savages at sixty killed outright, and a large number wounded.

The National Intelligencer says: "We have authority for saying that the statement, alleged to have been made by Gen. Sheridan in a dispatch to the military authorities here, that Gen. Rousseau 'advised the rebel citizens at New Orleans, not to accept Sheridan's construction of the reconstruction act,' is wholly without foundation—as is likewise the insinuation that his demeanor was in any manner inconsistent with proper personal decorum to any one."

A dispatch from the U. S. Consul at Vera Cruz states that Santa Ana, with his wife, Col. Vidal, and Rivas, the father-in-law of Santa Ana, arrived at that place on the 20th ult., from Campeachy, having been brought there in a Mexican schooner, with orders to confine them, in separate rooms, in the castle of San Juan de Ulloa.

Newmarket, in Middlesex county, New Jersey, the scene of the late Coriell tragedy, was, on Monday night last, the scene of another horrible affair, which promises to result in the death of an old man named John Harris, aged 74 years. The old man was stabbed by his son-in-law named Rosantree.

The British Reform bill has passed both houses of Parliament, received the royal assent, and is now a law. This bill extends considerably the elective franchise.

There have been no changes calling for special notice in the New York dry goods market during the last week.

Leonard Scott & Co. have republished the July number of the Edinburgh Review. Contents: Early administration of George III; Agriculture and Prices in England; Ferrier's philosophical remains; the Council of Constantinople; Indian Customs and textile fabrics; Life and speeches of Lord Plunket; Wine and the Wine trade; Josiah Wedgwood; Burton's History of Scotland; the Military Institutions of France. A very able series of papers on important subjects. Robert Bell, agent.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the times."

The Atlanta Opinion intimates that General Pope may shortly issue an order requiring jurors in Georgia to take the test oath. In accordance with Gen. Pope's order, the civil officials in Georgia have notified the papers opposed to reconstruction under the military bill, of the withdrawal of their patronage. Of thirteen dailies in the State only four endorse the Congressional programme. A. R. Lamar, solicitor general of Muscogee county, has been removed by Gen. Pope. The Montgomery Advertiser says Gen. Pope has removed all the civil officers of Macon county, from probate judge down.

A personal difficulty occurred at Knoxville, Tennessee, yesterday, on the street, between Hon. Horace Maynard and his defeated opponent for Congress, Col. John Williams. They had already had some trouble during the canvass. Both parties grappled and damaged each other considerably before they were parted.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company has tendered, through the Secretary of State, to the Russian Commissioner for the transfer of the territory ceded to us in the Northwest, the free hospitalities of their steamers to San Francisco.

Another section of the Union Pacific railway, eastern division, having been completed, the Secretary of the Treasury, yesterday, ordered a bond for \$384,000 to be issued to the company.

Yesterday at the Cathedral in Baltimore, Capt. Bernard G. Cooper, of the British Navy, was married to Mrs. Bessie Porine, daughter of the late Judge Z. Collins Lee, of Baltimore.

William H. Knapp, one of the oldest telegraphers in the country, and until recently manager of the office at Newark, New Jersey, died in Florida on the 4th inst.

The rain yesterday was general throughout the Southern States, according to the accounts by telegraph. It rained "heavily," also, in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

One person out of every five in the New England States dies of consumption, while in Georgia only one out of thirty-six is a victim of that disease.

In Louisiana, South Carolina and some other Southern States, as far as heard from, the blacks far outnumber the whites in registration.

There are continued accounts of the destructiveness of the cotton worm in Louisiana and the coast counties of Texas.

The Pennsylvania "Negro Equality Rights League" held two enthusiastic sessions at Reading, yesterday.

Reports of fresh Indian hostilities have been received at the Department of the Interior. The Hualapais are now said to be hostile.

Mr. Robt. Bonner, of the New York Ledger, has purchased the celebrated horse, Dexter, for \$20,000.

The number of fever deaths in New Orleans for the week ending yesterday, is fourteen.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

Internal Revenue Collector James, tried on the charge of accepting bribes, was acquitted in Richmond yesterday.

Telegrams from all parts of the State say that rain has been falling heavily throughout Virginia.

R. M. Smith, late of the Richmond Enquirer, has received the appointment of president of the Petersburg Female College, in place of Professor Carr, who has removed to Warrenton, in Fauquier.

A letter in the Washington Chronicle says that the Navy Yard at Gosport, "is a nest of copperhead sympathizers." Somebody has "an axe to grind" in that yard.

Times Mine, of Luray, Page county, a colored man, who commenced turning white about a year ago, is still going through a gradual transformation of color.

The Richmond Whig says that Mr. James Neeson, of Richmond, and Gen. Wells, of Alexandria, are the counsel for Judge Thomas.

The two colored men charged with the murder of a colored man named Enoch Lewis, in Richmond, a short time ago, have been arrested in Norfolk.

FOREIGN NEWS.—The action of the British House of Lords last Tuesday night in receding from its amendments to the Reform bill, placed both houses of Parliament in complete accord on that great measure. The bill has finally passed Parliament, and having received the assent of the Queen, is now the law of the land.

In the He use of Commons, the bill intended to prevent public meetings in the royal parks, was withdrawn by the Government.

Dispatches received from Constantinople state that the Turkish Government after giving due consideration to the collective note of the European Powers, has come to the conclusion that it cannot admit the intervention of other Governments in the affairs of the Island of Candia, and refuses to consent to the joint inquiry proposed.

A meeting is being planned to take place between the King of Prussia and the Emperor of Austria.

The new U. S. minister to the court of Berlin, Hon. George Bancroft, has had an informal interview with the prime minister, Count Von Bismarck, at which the conversation was of the most cordial character.

Next week Mr. Bancroft will have his first audience with the king.

On the 14th a disastrous fire broke out in the Domkirche, or Roman Catholic Cathedral, of Frankfurt—a structure of great antiquity, dating from the year A. D. 1425, and famous for its architectural beauty and historic associations. All the elaborate decorations of the interior were destroyed, and the walls, roof, and tower were so badly injured that it will probably be necessary to take the whole building down.

The Sultan, on his return to Constantinople, received an address from the Grand Vizier, whom he left in the charge of the Government during his absence. In his reply to the address the Sultan, after reviewing his recent journey to Western Europe, says that as a result of his observations he is prompted to inaugurate an era of progress for the Ottoman empire, and he promises to submit a series of measures of reform for the benefit of his subjects.

The American steamship Quaker City, Capt. Duncanson, with a large number of excursionists from the United States on board, has arrived at Naples, where she has been placed in quarantine. The Quaker City was on her way to the Holy Land, and her detention causes much indignation among the passengers.

All the members of the Danubian Cabinet have tendered their resignations to Prince Charles, of Hohenzollern.

## LETTER FROM LOUDOUN COUNTY.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]  
LEESBURG, VA., August 14.—Our annual frolie of August Court, when all sorts of people come to town to eat watermelons, has passed off with a great crowd of people in town. Six persons were sent to jail for fighting, and, among them, one white man, for striking a negro man, who knocked him down ready for the town sergeant and his assistants to pick up and carry off to jail. These persons were released next day upon the payment of fines and costs, amounting to \$12.50. The crowd was said to have been the largest ever assembled in Leesburg on such an occasion, and the flow of whiskey was immense. Other drinks were sold, also, one soda fountain having dispensed \$75 worth at 10 cts. a glass, or 750 glasses. As there are three fountains in town, some idea can be formed of the crowd.

The grand jury made 17 indictments for selling ardent spirits without proper license, but in the cases of those indicted who lived in Leesburg, the grand jury being all of the opinion that they really believed they had the right to sell by the drink, recommended to the Court to impose the smallest fine the law allowed. No action has yet been taken.

The first nine of the Pioneer club of Alexandria played baseball with six of the first nine of the Tincorua club and three volunteers to take the places of the other three who were sick, and beat our boys 35 to 28. A bet was offered by an Alexandrian, between the game commenced, that the Pioneers would lead 20. Two of our absentees, in the late game with the Aldie Club, made each 11 runs in 7 innings, without being put out. I think our full nine would have beaten the Pioneers; they are excellent bowlers, and some of them very good catchers, especially one, who uses both one hand.

Asher Donley, recently pardoned from the penitentiary, whether he had been sent for horse stealing, was tried and acquitted of the charge of assault and battery upon some loose women with whom he had been boarding for some months previous to his being sent to jail.

In a case of recent occurrence, and now on trial, the justices had sent the party on to the grand jury, on the charge of assault and battery. The Commonwealth's Attorney sent an indictment before the grand jury for conspiracy to kill. The counsel of the accused moved the court to put the name of the party, who moved in the matter before the justice, at the foot of the indictment, with a view to his responsibility for costs, &c. This was resisted by the Commonwealth's Attorney, and Gen. Hanton, employed to prosecute by the friends of the aggrieved party, on the ground that the grand jury had, upon the indictment framed by the Commonwealth, charged the nature of the complaint, and thus she had become the responsible party. The court ordered the name to be put at the foot of the indictment.

Corn, I am informed, is dull here at 80 cts.; but our merchants say they are prepared to buy all that comes at such prices as leave them but a reasonable profit on the article. Wheat differs so much in quality that no reliable quotations can be made, but it is bought when brought in. Two fine rains last night and to-night will make most of the corn, but some late corn will require more rain next week. The early potatoes are very fine, the early Goodrich producing wonderfully, and the Jackson White and Saunders Blue almost equaling them.

No civil cases have been tried at this term of the Court, as yet, and I fear the Commonwealth's business will occupy all this week.

## LETTER FROM WESTMORELAND CO.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]  
MONTROSS, WESTMORELAND COUNTY, VA., August 12.—I shall group together in this letter a few items which may prove interesting to some of our readers.

I find government officials here, as they are in all other sections of the South now, busily engaged in the work of reconstruction.

A large meeting of the freedmen was held in Nottoli Church last Thursday, which was addressed by a colored man named Courtney, and afterwards by Gen. R. L. T. Beale. Gen. Beale spoke by request of the freedmen, and though his speech was highly conservative, it was received with the utmost respect and attention.

A series of interesting religious meetings is in progress here, conducted by Rev. D. M. Wharton, Rector of St. James P. E. Church. He is assisted by Revs. Wm. N. Ward, Thos. E. Locke, and Wm. W. Green. Large congregations attend these services, and much interest is manifested.

A Sabbath School celebration, numerously attended, was held at Grace Church, in the upper end of the county, on Friday last. Addresses were delivered by Rev. Thos. E. Locke, of this county, and Rev. Mr. Bayton and Dr. F. F. Nide, of King George. Refreshments in abundance were provided, and the day passed most pleasantly to all who attended.

"Longwood," belonging to the estate of the late Col. Joseph F. Harvey, lying on Pope's Creek and the Potomac, near Washington's birth place, and containing 1,500 acres, has just been sold to Senator Nye, for the sum of \$16,000. This farm contains much valuable timber, and has been sold cheap. There are many other desirable tracts of land in market here, and I know of no section of the State more inviting to capitalists than this.

The health of the county is excellent now, and the corn crop looks most promising. The people are generally cheerful.

The Lynchburg Virginian commenting on the recent case of Buttz, in Norfolk, says:—"He was an adventurer from the North who came to Virginia 'for a purpose.' He professed to be a great friend of the colored people, and was in high favor with them, for he was 'one of the most extreme radicals.' By way of showing his appreciation of the 'down trodden African,' he went to work to plunder them by forging their names to enable him to collect claims due such of them as had been soldiers in the Federal army. But, like some of those men who come here to array the negroes against the people among whom they were born, he was a selfish knave. The exposure of his villainy has opened the eyes of numbers of colored men." Now let them keep their eyes open, and watch all of 'that class of politicians.'

WASHINGTON ITEMS.—Mr. Bradley, Sr., charged with sending a challenge to Judge Fisher, waived an examination of the case before the Magistrate, and was held to bail in \$1,000 for his appearance at Court.

The destruction of the culvert, through the Botanical Gardens, (sixty feet of which was washed away in the early part of the week,) was completed last night, and but a very small portion of the work now remains intact.

It is stated, that if public duties will permit, the President will shortly take a brief excursion along the coast in a Government yacht. "He will reserve to himself," "the liberty to touch in at any one or more of the popular places of resort on the Northern coast as he may select at the time."

Judge Holt has returned to the city, and was his office yesterday. The Star says "the order relieving him from duty as Chief of the Bureau has not yet been issued, though there seems to be no doubt that it will soon appear."

## GOLD.

NEW YORK, August 16.—Gold to-day, 140 1/2.

## The Case of Judge Thomas.

The case of Judge Henry W. Thomas, charged with having violated the "Civil Rights bill," in refusing to allow a colored woman to testify in his court, was called up in Richmond on Wednesday.

A motion was made by the District Attorney, which was agreed to by the counsel for the defence, that the accused be released on his own recognizance in the sum of \$1,000 for his appearance at the November term of the court.

We give the indictment on which Judge Thomas was arrested:

The United States of America—District of Virginia, to wit:

The Circuit Court of the United States of America in and for the District of Virginia, fourth judicial circuit, at Richmond, May term, 1866.

The grand jurors of the United States of America, in and for the body of the District of Virginia, and now attending the said court upon their oaths, present—

That Henry W. Thomas, acting as Judge of the Circuit Court of the Commonwealth of Virginia in and for the ninth judicial circuit, on or about the 22d day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, while holding as such judge a term of said court at the county of Alexandria, in the District of Virginia aforesaid, within the jurisdiction of this court, with force and arms did refuse to allow Jane Taylor, who was at the time a colored person of the African race and inhabitant of the State of Virginia, and a citizen of the county of Alexandria in the District of Virginia and within the jurisdiction of this court, cause to be subjected the said Jane Taylor, an inhabitant of the said State of Virginia and a citizen of the United States, and who had a right to give evidence in the said cause, to the deprivation of the said right, secured and protected by law, against the form of the statute of the United States in such cases made and provided, and against the constitution, government, peace and dignity of the said United States.

Formed on the testimony of Wested Willoughby and B. Franklin Bigelow, witnesses sworn and sent to the grand jury by this court.

Assistant District Attorney.

On the back of this indictment is the following endorsement:

"United States vs. Henry W. Thomas. A true bill. Wm. T. Harris, Foreman. Filed June 4th, 1866. Wm. H. Barry, Clerk.—Bench warrant issued August 15, 1866."

This would appear to be an important case for the government to make use of to test the validity of the "Civil Rights Bill." At the time of Judge Thomas's refusal to admit to testimony of Jane Taylor in his court, there was no statute in the Code of Virginia allowing colored people to testify, but an express prohibition against their being permitted to do so.

The law making them competent witnesses in courts of justice was passed subsequently. And furthermore, there was no demand for the admission of the testimony of this woman by any person directly concerned in the result of the case, but only by the Commonwealth's Attorney, and this, as before stated, at a time when negro testimony was expressly prohibited.

The continuation of the case will come up at the November term of the court.—Richmond Examiner.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET August 16, 1867.  
FLOUR, Superfine.....\$ 9 00 @ 10 25  
Extra.....10 50 @ 11 00  
Family.....12 00 @ 12 75  
WHEAT, White, prime.....2 15 @ 2 20  
Good.....2 10 @ 2 15  
Red, prime.....2 10 @ 2 15  
Good.....2 05 @ 2 10  
CORN, White.....55 @ 56  
Mixed.....54 @ 55  
Yellow.....53 @ 54  
COB MEAL.....1 00 @ 1 10  
OATS.....50 @ 55  
RYE.....1 20 @ 1 25  
APPLES, Dried per lb.....60 @ 65  
Green per bbl.....15 00 @ 16 00  
DRIED POTATOES.....1 50 @ 1 55  
SEED, Flax.....2 00 @ 2 25  
SUMAC per 100 lbs.....1 75 @ 2 00  
PLASTER, Lump, delivered on the cars.....4 50 @ 5 00  
Ground in bbls.....11 00 @ 12 00  
SALT, Ground, Alum.....2 30 @ 2 40  
Liverpool Lard.....3 10 @ 3 20  
Turk's Island, from store.....50 @ 55  
Wool, Common Unwashed.....50 @ 55  
Washed.....55 @ 60  
Place, washed.....55 @ 60  
Merino, unwashed.....50 @ 55  
Merino, washed.....55 @ 60  
BUTTER, prime.....18 00 @ 20 00  
Inferior to middling.....16 00 @ 18 00  
EGGS.....14 00 @ 15 00  
SUGAR, Cane, prime country.....12 00 @ 13 00  
Sugar-cured.....10 15 @ 11 00  
Shoulders.....10 12 @ 11 00  
LARD.....12 00 @ 13 00  
BEANS, White.....1 50 @ 1 55  
Navy.....2 00 @ 2 25  
WHEAT, per ton from the cars.....22 00 @ 23 00  
HAY, per ton.....21 00 @ 22 00  
PERUVIAN GUANO.....82 00 @ 83 00  
COAL OIL, No. 1.....30 50 @ 31 00  
REMARKS.—The market closes unsettled and somewhat excited. Flour is very weak, and the tendency is to a further decline, choice brands of Family retailing at \$13.75; Extra held at \$11, by the dry load. Wheat is unsettled, but buyers are purchasing freely at the decline. The majority of the samples offered are of an inferior quality, and we note sales of common wheat at 135, 150, 160 and 170, and 180 and 195 for red; good red 203, and good white 210. There is an unusual amount of garlic and cockle in the wheat this season, the presence of the former being a great drawback to sales. Corn is firmer and active, with sales of upwards of 2100 bushels white and mixed at 99 and 100, mostly at the latter figures. Oats are in fair request, with sales of 1400 bushels at 65¢. 66. Small sales of Rye at 120. Wool very quiet, and prices unchanged. Sumac in active demand. Butter unchanged, with a fair inquiry for prime; common very abundant. Eggs declined. Bacon less firm, but we have no change to note in quotations.

NEW YORK, August 15.—The market is excited and heavy. Money 4 1/2 per cent; gold 140 1/2. The Government has sold about a half million in gold. Foreign exchange dull, and declined to 100@109 1/2; Governments quiet and steady; stocks closed quiet and generally unchanged.

ALEXANDRIA ECLECTIC ACADEMY.

The third annual session of my school will begin (under the above name) on Monday, the 9th of September, 1867.

TERMS.—IN ADVANCE.  
Preparatory Class, per quarter.....\$ 6 00  
Junior Class.....5 00  
Intermediate Class.....4 00  
Senior Class.....3 00

A system of PREMIUMS will be introduced at this session.  
au 16—polm Wm. E. BAKER, Principal.

CITY TAX COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.

The undersigned will be found in their office, in the Market Building, until the 15th of October next, to receive taxes due the city, and, in the meanwhile, will make a discount of 30 per cent on all bills, paid in current funds, before that date.

Collector of Northern District,  
S. K. FIELD,  
au 16—td Collector Southern District.

BOARD.—Married or single persons desiring to be board can be comfortably accommodated at Mrs. A. L. BAGGARLY'S, No. 273, King st.  
aug 16—td

FAMILY AND EXTRA FLOUR, Welch's Family and Extra Flour, received to-day and for sale at reduced rates by  
au 16 J. C. MILBURN.

## GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

J. CLINTON MILBURN.

FAMILY GROCER.

AND DEALER IN FINE TEAS, WINES, LIQUORS &amp; CIGARS.

Corner Cameron and Royal Streets.

ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Particular attention paid to the selection of Choice Flour and Teas. my 28—td

DAVY &amp; HARMON,

GROCERS, FEED,

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner of Prince and Royal Sts.,

ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Special attention given to the sale of Country Produce. my 9—td

LOOMIS &amp; FAGER,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

FINE TEAS, FLOUR, FEED, ETC.,

No. 179, KING STREET.

Constantly on hand the choice brands of Sugars and Tobacco; also, a fine assortment of STATIONERY and NOTIONS.

The highest price paid for Country Produce. sep 15—td

F. RECKER,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, WINES,

LIQUORS, &amp;c., &amp;c.

COR. KING &amp; ST. ASAPH STS.

Country Produce bought at the highest market price.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my 6—td

F. G. SWAINE,

No. 22, NORTH ROYAL STREET,

(2 doors south of old stand.)

Has on hand and is constantly receiving fresh invoices of

GROCERIES, WINES &amp; LIQUORS,

which he will sell cheap for cash. fe 26

HARRIE HOUGH,

DEALER IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

CORNER OF PRINCE AND PITT STS.

oct 5—td ALEXANDRIA, VA.

GREGORY &amp; PAUL,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, FLOUR AND BACON,

Nos. 27 and 29, KING STREET,

sp 14—td ALEXANDRIA, VA.

WANTS.

WANTED.—1000 cords of good CHESTNUT

OAK BARK, for which we will pay \$12

per cord, delivered at Alexandria on the cars of the Orange &amp; Alexandria R.R. or

the Farmers' and Merchants' R.R., or

contract with us for 100 or 200 cords, can do so by calling on us at our store, No. 21, King

street. We have always on hand OAK and

HEMLOCK SOLE LEATHER, UPPER

LEATHER, of all kinds, Harness, Bridle and

Skiing Leather, which we sell at the lowest

prices. We are having the highest cash

prices for good BEEF HIDES, dry and green.

ap 9—604 C. C. SMOOT &amp; SON.

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, &amp;c.

We would call special attention to our large

ly increased stock of

DRUGS, PAINTS,

OILS, VARNISHES,

PATENT MEDICINES,

AND PAINT BRUSHES,

which we offer at very low rates, and can

confidently guarantee satisfaction.

Orders from Farmers, Country Merchants or

Physicians will always receive our prompt and

best attention. J. JANNEY &amp; CO.,

my 4 Druggists, No. 145, King street.

NOTICE